



**BEAZLEY DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE
POLICY**

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Beazley

Beazley Pte. Limited is a service company that is part of the Beazley group of companies. Beazley Pte. Limited is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore under the Insurance (Lloyd's Asia Scheme) Regulations. Beazley Pte. Limited has authority to enter into contracts of insurance on behalf of the Lloyd's underwriting members of Lloyd's syndicate 623 and 2623 which are managed by Beazley Furlonge Limited which is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority in the UK (ref 204896) in its capacity as an insurer.

Beazley Claims Service

The **insurer** will assign a Claims Manager and provide their e-mail address, direct dial telephone number and mobile phone number.

The Claims Manager will endeavour to respond to phone calls within one business day and if the assigned Claims Manager is unable to respond for whatever reason, another Claims representative will contact you.

The Claims Manager, and where applicable the **insurer's** external advisors, will respond in a prompt, professional and transparent manner and will provide straight answers and deliver on commitments.

Claims Managers will be available for meetings to candidly discuss any coverage or claims issues, and will keep an open mind and give any alternative opinions due consideration. Claims Managers work closely with the underwriting teams to ensure that the policy intent is respected.

SCHEDULE

Policy Number

Parent company Name:
Address:

Policy period From:
To:

Limits of Liability HKD in the aggregate during the **policy period** for all Insuring Clauses and Coverage Extensions except, sub-limits for the Coverage Extensions stated below will apply in the aggregate during the **policy period** as follows:

HKD 150,000	Coverage Extension 1(b) Internal Investigation Costs
HKD 150,000	Coverage Extension 3(a) Books and Record Demands
HKD 150,000	Coverage Extension 3(b) Derivative Demand Costs

Retention HKD each and every **claim** or **insured event**

Discovery Period 365 days
Additional Premium payable of 100% of the annual premium plus applicable taxes

Premium HKD plus applicable taxes

**Pending and Prior
Litigation Date**

U.S.A. Offering Amount

THIS POLICY SETS OUT THE TERMS UPON WHICH THE **INSURER** AGREES TO INSURE THE **INSURED** IN CONSIDERATION OF THE PAYMENT OF, OR AGREEMENT TO PAY, THE PREMIUM STATED IN THE SCHEDULE. THE INSURING CLAUSES AND COVERAGE EXTENSIONS ARE SUBJECT TO ALL TERMS, CONDITIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS OF THIS POLICY.

A. INSURING CLAUSES

1. Insured persons

The **insurer** will pay on behalf of the **insured persons** any **loss** not indemnified by the **company** resulting from a **claim** first made against the **insured persons** during the **policy period**.

2. Company reimbursement

The **insurer** will reimburse or pay on behalf of the **company** any **loss** which the **company** has paid, or agreed to pay, as indemnification of an **insured person** resulting from a **claim** first made against such **insured person** during the **policy period**.

3. Company securities claims

The **insurer** will pay the **company** for any **loss** resulting from any **claim** first made against the **company** during the **policy period**.

B. COVERAGE EXTENSIONS

1. Regulatory extensions

(a) Regulatory costs

The **insurer** will pay **regulatory costs** of an **insured**.

(b) Internal investigation costs

The **insurer** will pay **internal investigation costs** of an **insured person**.

2. Insured persons extensions

The insurer will pay:

- (a) **access to policy costs;**
- (b) **circumstance investigative costs;**
- (c) **data breach costs;**
- (d) **environmental liability costs;**
- (e) **extradition costs;**
- (f) **foreign jurisdiction liberalisation loss;**
- (g) **freezing of assets and disqualification costs;**
- (h) **health and safety claim costs;**
- (i) **insolvency hearing costs;**
- (j) **mitigation costs;**
- (k) **reputation costs;**

of an **insured person**.

3. Company extensions

The insurer will pay:

- (a) **books and records costs;**
- (b) **derivative demands costs;**
- (c) **global Dutch securities settlement advice costs;**

of the **company**.

C. COVERAGE RESTRICTIONS

The **insurer** will not be liable to make any payment under this policy for that part of any **loss**:

1. *Bodily injury or property damage*

resulting from any **claim** for actual or alleged bodily injury, sickness, disease or death of any person, or any damage to, destruction, impairment or loss of use of any tangible property.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to:

- (a) any **claim** alleging mental anguish or emotional distress;
- (b) Insuring Clause A.1. (Insured persons); or
- (c) **health and safety claim costs** or **environmental liability costs**.

2. *Prior claims, insured events and circumstances*

arising out of, based upon or attributable to:

- (a) any **claim, insured event**, circumstance or **wrongful act** of which notice has been given and accepted under any policy in relation to which this policy is a renewal or replacement or any matter which taken together with such **claim, insured event**, circumstance or **wrongful act** would constitute a **single event**; or
- (b) any prior or pending litigation, arbitration, administrative or regulatory proceeding which was brought against an **insured** prior to the **pending and prior litigation date**.

3. *Conduct*

brought about or contributed to by any:

- (a) deliberately dishonest act or omission of any **insured**; or
- (b) profit or advantage gained by any **insured** to which such **insured** is not legally entitled;

as established by a final and non-appealable adjudication in the underlying proceeding, or formal written admission by such **insured**.

To the extent permitted by law, this Coverage Restriction 3(b) will not apply to allegations in a **claim** against any **insured person** under Section 11 and/or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 (U.S.A.), as amended, arising out of an initial or subsequent public offering of the **company's securities** (including alleged violations of Section 11 and/or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 by a Controlling Person pursuant to Section 15 of the Securities Act of 1933).

4. Company v insured (US)

arising out of any **claim** brought by, on behalf of, or at the direction of the **company**, or an **outside entity**, in the United States of America, its territories or possessions, except and to the extent such **claim**:

- (a) is brought derivatively by a security holder of the **company** or an **outside entity** who, when such **claim** is made and maintained, is acting independently of, and without the solicitation, assistance, participation or intervention of an **insured person** (other than an **insured person** engaged in whistleblowing), the **company** or any **outside entity**, or
- (b) is brought by receiver, liquidator (including provisional liquidator), administrator, judicial manager or other person holding equivalent office of the **company** or an **outside entity**, or any assignee of such person.

This Coverage Restriction will not apply to **defence costs**.

For the purpose of determining the applicability of these Coverage Restrictions, the knowledge or act, error or omission of any **insured person** will not be imputed to any other **insured person**. The knowledge of each **responsible person** will be imputed to all **companies**.

D. CLAIM PROVISIONS

1. Notification

(a) Claims and insured events

The **insured** must give notice to the **insurer** of any:

- (i) **claim** made against the **insured** during the **policy period**; or
- (ii) **insured event** occurring during the **policy period**,

as soon as practicable after the **responsible person** first becomes aware of such **claim** or **insured event** but in no event later than 60 days after the end of the **policy period**, or within any applicable **discovery period**.

In the event that the **insured** is prevented from notifying any **claim** or **insured event** to the **insurer** (after the **insured** has sought consent to do so) due to any legal or regulatory prohibition restricting them from doing so, the **insured** must provide full details of the **claim** or **insured event** to the **insurer** as soon as such restriction is lifted.

If the **insured** does not give notice to the **insurer** in compliance with this provision D.1(a) *Claims and insured events*, the **insurer** will have no liability under this policy in respect of that **claim** or **insured event**.

(b) Circumstances

The **insured** may, during the **policy period**, notify the **insurer** of any fact or circumstances which in the reasonable opinion of the **responsible person** may give rise to a **claim** or an **insured event**.

Any notice must include the reasons why the **responsible person** reasonably anticipates that the fact or circumstances may give rise to a **claim** or an **insured event** and, where available, full particulars of the dates, acts and persons involved.

Any **claim** which is made or **insured event** which occurs after the end of the **policy period** and which arises from a circumstance notified in accordance with this clause will be deemed to have been made or have occurred at the same time as the circumstance.

(c) Related matters

A **single event** will be treated by the **insurer** as having been notified when the first of such **claims** or **insured events** was notified or is deemed to have been notified to the **insurer**, irrespective of whether or not the **insurer** has formally accepted the notice.

(d) Address for notifications

All notices must be sent either by e-mail to flclaims@beazley.com or by mail to the address below:

Financial Lines Claims
Beazley Pte. Limited
138 Market Street,
#03-04, CapitaGreen,
Singapore 048946

2. *Defence and settlement*

(a) Duties

The **insured** has the right and duty to defend and contest any **claim** made against them, or any **insured event** commenced against them, and will take all reasonable steps to prevent or minimise any **loss**.

The **insurer** will be entitled to participate fully in the conduct of the defence, including settlement negotiations, contribution or indemnification proceedings, where it is reasonably likely to involve the **insurer** making any payment under this policy.

(b) Consent to policy costs

The **insurer** will not be obliged to pay any **policy costs** provided under this policy unless the **insurer** has provided prior written consent to such **policy costs** being incurred (except where expressly stated in the policy that prior consent is not first required).

If the **insurer's** prior written consent cannot reasonably be obtained before **policy costs** (not including **mitigation costs**) are incurred, then the **insurer** will give retrospective approval for such reasonable **policy costs** necessarily incurred.

(c) Advancements

The **insurer** will, upon the written request of an **insured**, advance **defence costs** prior to coverage being confirmed.

(d) Consent to settlements

If an **insured** admits liability or compromises or settles any **claim** or **insured event** without the **insurer's** prior written consent, this policy will afford no cover to that **insured** in connection with that admission, **claim** or **insured event**.

The **insured** will not be required to receive the **insurer's** consent prior to making any self report or formal written representation to a **regulatory authority**, provided that, as soon as legally permitted, the **insured** will seek the consent of the **insurer** in accordance with this clause. The **insurer** will not consider such self report or formal written representation as an admission of liability for the purposes of this clause.

(e) Uninsured loss

The **insured** will reimburse the **insurer** for any payments which are ultimately determined not to be covered under this policy.

3. Allocation

Where a **claim** or **insured event** involves both parties covered and not covered and/or matters covered and not covered by this policy, a fair and proper allocation shall be made between the **insured** and the **insurer**, taking into account the relative legal and financial exposures attributable to the covered matters or persons and the matters or persons not covered by this policy.

4. Cooperation

The **insured** will give all information and assistance to the **insurer** as it may reasonably require to enable it to investigate any matter notified under this policy and cooperate with the **insurer** in responding to any **claim** or **insured event**.

Except where expressly provided for in this policy, these steps will be at the **insured's** own cost. The failure of any **insured person** to give the **insurer** the information and assistance which it may reasonably require will not impair the rights of any other **insured person** under this policy.

5. Other insurance or indemnification

This policy will only pay **loss** that is in excess of any amount recoverable from any more specific directors' and officers'/management liability or pension trustee/fiduciary liability insurance available to the **insured**. As excess insurance, this policy will not apply or contribute to the payment of any **loss** until the amounts of that other insurance have been exhausted.

All coverage under this policy for **loss** arising from an **insured person** whilst acting in their capacity as an **outside director**, will be specifically excess of and will not contribute with, any other insurance or indemnification available to such **insured person** from the **outside entity** or its insurers by reason of their service as such.

6. Financial interest coverage

The **insurer** will not provide cover for the **loss** of an **uncovered company**. The **insurer** will instead indemnify the **parent company** for its financial interest in such **uncovered company** by way of agreed valuation calculated as the amount of **loss** which would have been payable to the **uncovered company** under this policy, however no indemnity will be provided in respect of any Insuring Clause or Coverage Extension which would have covered the **loss** of any **insured person**. For the purpose of this provision the **parent company** will be deemed to have suffered loss to its financial interest simultaneously with the **uncovered company** which incurred the **loss** for which it would have been entitled to receive indemnity under this policy.

7. Subrogation and recoveries

In the event of any payment under this policy, the **insurer** will be subrogated to all rights and remedies available to the **insured** in connection with that payment and will be entitled to bring proceedings in the name of the **insured**. Whether before or after payment under this policy, the **insured** will take all steps necessary, or required by the **insurer**, to preserve the rights and remedies which the **insured** may have to recover its **loss**.

The **insured** will provide to the **insurer** any assistance in their power as the **insurer** may require to secure the rights and remedies set out above and shall take all steps required by the **insurer**. The **insurer** shall be entitled to take control of all steps taken to recover any covered **loss**, whether or not there is uninsured loss.

Any amounts recovered will be applied in the following order:

- (a) to recompense the **insured** and the **insurer** for any costs incurred in bringing proceedings against the third party;
- (b) then to the **insured** for the amount of any **loss** which exceeds the **limit of liability**;

- (c) then to the **insurer** up to the amount of the **loss** paid by the **insurer** and the **limit of liability** will be reinstated for such amounts; and
- (d) then to the **insured** to reimburse the **retention**.

The **insurer** agrees not to exercise its rights of recovery against any **insured person** unless the payments made by the **insurer** under this policy are brought about or contributed to by the deliberately dishonest act or omission of that **insured person**.

8. Priority of payments

If **loss** is payable under more than one Insuring Clause or Coverage Extension, then the **insurer** will pay such **loss** as follows:

- (a) first, the **insurer** will pay the **loss** of the **insured person** where the **company** has not indemnified the **insured person** for such **loss**;
- (b) second, the **insurer** will pay the **loss** of the **insured person** where the **company** has indemnified the **insured person** for such **loss**; and
- (c) third, the **insurer** will make such other payments which the **insurer** may be liable to make to the **company**.

E. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. Limit of liability

The **limit of liability** is the maximum amount payable by the **insurer** under this policy in respect of all **insureds**, Insuring Clauses and Coverage Extensions. However, the **limit of liability** will be automatically reinstated in the event of erosion or exhaustion by payment of **loss** to the extent of such erosion or exhaustion. Such reinstated **limit of liability** will only apply to the coverage afforded under Insuring Clause A.1 and only after the limit of liability of all insurance policies sitting excess of this policy have been exhausted.

The **insurer** will not be liable for more than the **limit of liability** in respect of all **loss** arising from a **single event** and twice the **limit of liability** in respect of all **loss** payable under this policy (in the event of a reinstatement).

Any **loss** paid by the **insurer** under this policy will erode the **limit of liability**.

Where any sub-limit is specified in the policy or schedule, the **insurer** will have no liability in excess of that sub-limit.

Any sub-limit will be part of and not in addition to the **limit of liability**.

2. Retention

The **retention** will apply to:

- (a) all **loss** to which indemnification of an **insured person** by the **company** or an **outside entity** is legally required or permitted, whether or not actual indemnification is made, unless such indemnification is not made by the **company** or such **outside entity** solely by reason of its financial insolvency, in which case no retention will apply.
- (b) all other **loss** incurred by the **company**.

The **insurer** will be liable only for that part of any covered **loss** which exceeds the **retention**.

With respect to the **company's** and any **outside entity's** indemnification of **insured persons**, the certificate of incorporation, charter, by-laws, articles of association, or other organisational documents of the **parent company**, each **subsidiary** and each **outside entity**, will be deemed to permit indemnification of the **insured persons** to the fullest extent allowable by law.

In the event a **company** or an **outside entity** refuses in writing to indemnify the **insured persons** for **policy costs** or fails to indemnify the **insured persons** for **policy costs** within 60 days of a request for indemnification, then the **insurer** will advance such **policy costs**, provided that the **insurer** will be entitled to seek recovery from the **company** for such **policy costs** up to the amount of the **retention**. The **insurer** will be entitled to offset such **policy costs** against any sums due from the **insurer** to the **company**.

Only one **retention**, being the largest, will be applied to the aggregate amount of **loss** arising from a **single event**.

In respect of **mitigation costs**, a single **retention** will apply to all anticipated **claims** arising out of, based upon or attributable to the same originating cause, source or event.

3. Change of control / acquisitions

In the event of a **change of control** of a **company** or acquisition of a **subsidiary**, no cover under this policy will apply for any:

- (a) **claim** against that **company, subsidiary** or their **insured persons**, which arises from a **wrongful act**; or
- (b) **insured event** concerning that **company, subsidiary** or their **insured persons**, which arises out of any conduct,

that occurred after such **change of control** or first commenced before such acquisition.

The **parent company** will, as soon as practicable, give the **insurer** written notice of any **change of control** which takes place in respect of the **parent company**.

4. New offering of equity securities in the U.S.A.

If the **company** undertakes an offering or registration of equity **securities** in the United States of America during the **policy period** and the total value of such offering exceeds the amount in the Schedule, then the **insurer** will not be liable to make any payment for **loss** in connection with such offering unless:

- (a) the **insurer** receives prior written notice containing details of the offering; and
- (b) the **insurer** at its sole discretion, has agreed in writing to provide such additional coverage on terms, conditions, and any additional premium it deems appropriate.

5. Discovery period

If this policy is not renewed or replaced, the **insured** will be entitled:

- (a) to an automatic **discovery period** of 60 days;
- (b) to purchase an optional **discovery period** for a longer period as specified in the Schedule, provided that written notice is given to the **insurer** by the **parent company** within 30 days after the end of the **policy period** and any additional premium specified by the **insurer** is paid within 45 days of the end of the **policy period**; and
- (c) to an unlimited **discovery period** in the event such **insured** is a **retired insured person**.

The automatic **discovery period** is part of and not in addition to any optional **discovery period** purchased by the **insured**.

The **discovery period** is non-cancellable and the premium for the optional **discovery period** is deemed fully earned at the inception date of the optional **discovery period**.

In the event of a **change of control** of the **parent company**, the **parent company** is entitled to purchase a 72 month **discovery period** on such terms and conditions and for such additional premium as the **insurer** requires.

Any **discovery period** does not increase the **limit of liability**, and any payments made with respect to **claims** and **insured events** during the **discovery period** is part of the **limit of liability**.

6. Cancellation

If the premium due under this policy has not been paid to the **insurer** within 60 days of the inception of the **policy period** then this policy will be cancelled with effect from the end of the 60 day period by notifying the **parent company** in writing direct or via the insurance broker.

The **insurer** will give not less than 30 days prior notice of such cancellation. If the premium due is paid in full to the **insurer** before the notice period expires, notice of cancellation will automatically be revoked.

If any additional premium due under the terms of this policy or in respect of any amendment to the terms of this policy is not paid within 30 days of the date on which it is due to be paid, the **insurer** will not have any liability in respect of the additional rights which were to have been purchased by the **insured** by payment of the additional premium.

7. Authorisation and notices

The **parent company** will act on behalf of all **insureds** in connection with all matters relevant to this policy unless the **parent company** is insolvent in which event the remaining entities will agree with the **insurer** as to which one of them will act on behalf of all **insureds**.

Subject to the other provisions of this policy, this clause does not preclude an **insured person** from notifying the **insurer** of a **claim**, **insured event** or circumstance in accordance with the notification provision in this policy.

8. Third parties

Nothing in this policy is intended to confer a directly enforceable benefit on any third party other than an **insured**.

9. Assignment

Neither this policy nor any right under it may be assigned without the prior written consent of the **insurer**.

10. Policy interpretation

This policy, its schedule and any endorsements are one contract in which, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) headings and subheadings are descriptive only, solely for convenience, not an aid to interpretation and form no part of the terms and conditions of coverage;
- (b) the singular includes the plural, and the masculine includes the feminine, and vice versa;
- (c) “Including” and “include(s)” means without limitation;
- (d) references to specific legislation include amendments to and re-enactments of that legislation and any similar or equivalent legislation in the relevant jurisdiction;
- (e) references to positions, offices or titles will include their equivalents in any jurisdiction;
- (f) if any provision of this policy is or becomes void or illegal, is invalid or unenforceable by a court or other competent body under the law of any applicable jurisdiction, such provision will be deleted. The **insurer** and the **insured** will use their best efforts to agree a replacement for the provision which achieves as far as possible the same effect as would have been achieved by the deleted provision.

11. Governing law

This policy will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of Hong Kong.

12. Arbitration clause

All disputes and differences between the **insured** and the **insurer** which arise under or in connection with this policy will be referred to arbitration under Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre (HKIAC) Rules (Hong Kong).

The arbitration tribunal will consist of three arbitrators, one to be appointed by the **insured**, one to be appointed by the **insurer** and the third to be appointed by the two appointed arbitrators.

The third member of the tribunal will be appointed as soon as practicable (and no later than 28 days) after the appointment of the two party-appointed arbitrators. The tribunal will be constituted upon the appointment of the third arbitrator. The arbitrators will be persons (including those who have retired) with not less than ten years’ experience of insurance or reinsurance within the industry or as lawyers or other professional advisers serving the industry.

Where the **insured** or the **insurer** fail to appoint an arbitrator within 14 days of being called upon to do so or where the two party-appointed arbitrators fail to appoint a third within 28 days of their appointment, then HKIAC will appoint an arbitrator to fill the vacancy. At any time prior to the appointment by HKIAC the party or arbitrators in default may make such appointment.

The tribunal may in its sole discretion make such orders and directions as it considers to be necessary for the final determination of the matters in dispute. The tribunal will have the widest discretion permitted under the laws of Hong Kong when making such orders or directions and the decision of the tribunal will be final. The arbitration will be held in Hong Kong.

13. Duty of disclosure

The **insurer** expects the **insured** to comply with their duty of disclosure. In the event that there has been a breach of the duty of disclosure, the **insurer** will not exercise any available remedies for any breach that was free of any fraudulent conduct or intent to deceive.

The knowledge or act, error or omission of any **insured person** will not be imputed to any other **insured person**. The knowledge of each **responsible person** will be imputed to all **companies**.

14. Insurer's consent

Where the **insured** is required under this policy to seek the consent of the **insurer**, the **insurer** will not unreasonably withhold, delay or deny such consent.

15. Sanction limitation

The **insurer** will not be liable to provide any cover, benefit or pay any claim under this policy to the extent that the provision of such cover, benefit or payment of such claim would expose the **insurer** to any sanction, prohibition or restriction under United Nations resolutions or the trade or economic sanctions, laws or regulations of the European Union, United Kingdom, United States of America or Singapore.

16. Complaints

Every effort is made to ensure that a high standard of service is provided. However, if the **insured** is not satisfied with the service it has received or it has any questions or concerns about this policy the **insured** should, in the first instance, contact:

Beazley Complaints
Beazley Pte. Limited
138 Market Street,
#03-04, CapitaGreen,
Singapore 048946

All correspondence should be addressed to Beazley Complaints

Or by telephone – (65) 6576 6288

Or by e-mail – beazley.complaints@beazley.com

In the event that the **insured** remains dissatisfied, the complaint can be escalated to the Lloyd's Complaint Department with the assistance of Lloyd's of London (Asia) Pte. Ltd. who can be contacted at:

Lloyd's of London (Asia) Pte Ltd
138 Market Street
CapitaGreen
#05-01
Singapore 048946

Or by telephone – (65) 6499 9330

Or by e-mail – lloydsasiahelpdesk@lloyds.com

F. DEFINITIONS

The following definitions are applicable to all sections of this policy:

access to policy costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by any of the **insured persons** to investigate and resist any challenge, by any other **insured person**, the **company** or any third party, to their right to an indemnity under this policy.

bail bond costs means the reasonable premium (not including collateral) for a bond or other financial instrument to guarantee an **insured person's** contingent obligation for bail required by a court.

books and records costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by the **company** in response to a **books and records demand**.

books and records demand means a written demand made by one or more security holders of the **company** during the **policy period** solely to inspect the books and records of the **company** pursuant to Section 220 of the Delaware General Corporation Law (U.S.A.) or any similar statute in any other jurisdiction.

circumstance investigative costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by any of the **insured persons** to investigate any fact or circumstance notified to the **insurer** during the **policy period** and to plan the defence of any subsequent potential **claim**, but only when and to the extent it is established that after a **claim** is made such amounts avoid **defence costs** being incurred specifically in response to such **claim** and is covered by this policy. An **insured** may approach the **insurer** prior to a **claim** being made for consent that such fees, costs and expenses will be considered reasonable in the event a **claim** is subsequently made.

change of control means any one of the following events:

- (a) the **parent company** consolidates with or merges into or sells all or a majority of its assets to any other person or entity or group of persons and/or entities acting in concert;
- (b) any person or entity, whether individually or together with any other person or persons, entity or entities becomes entitled to exercise more than 50% of the rights to vote at general meetings of the **parent company** or control the appointment of directors who are able to exercise a majority of votes at meetings of the board of directors of the **parent company**;
- (c) the appointment of a receiver, liquidator, administrator, judicial manager or other person holding equivalent office in respect of a **company**, but only in relation to that **company**; or
- (d) an entity ceases to be a **subsidiary**, or becomes controlled by another entity by virtue of any law.

claim means:

- (a) a written demand for damages, compensation or non-monetary relief;
- (b) a civil proceeding for damages, compensation or non-monetary relief;
- (c) a demand for mediation, arbitration or other form of alternative dispute resolution for damages, compensation or non-monetary relief;
- (d) criminal proceeding;
- (e) in respect of an **insured person** only, an administrative or regulatory proceeding,

arising out of a **wrongful act**.

claim includes:

- (i) in respect of a **company** only, an administrative or regulatory proceeding brought against the **company** arising out of a **company wrongful act** provided that such proceeding is continually maintained against an **insured person**;
- (ii) a written request to extend the operation of or waive any statute of limitations or contractual time-bar which may be applicable to a **claim** as defined above.

company means the **parent company** and any **subsidiary**, and, in the event a U.S.A. bankruptcy proceeding will be instituted by or against such entities, the resulting debtor-in-possession, if any.

company wrongful act means any actual or alleged act, error, omission, misstatement, misleading statement, neglect or breach of duty by the **company** in connection with the purchase or sale of, or offer to purchase or sell **securities** of the **company**, whether such purchase, sale or offer involves a transaction with the **company** or occurs in the open market.

data breach costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by an **insured person** directly in connection with preparing for, cooperating with or attending interviews, or **defence costs** in responding to a **data breach event**.

data breach event means:

- (a) a **claim** first made against an **insured person** during the **policy period**;
- (b) an **internal investigation**; or
- (c) a **regulatory event** first commenced during the **policy period**,

arising out of any actual or alleged breach of any data protection legislation, including the EU General Data Protection Regulation once in force.

defence costs means the reasonable fees, costs, expenses, **interpretative counsel costs**, **expert costs** and **bail bond costs** necessarily incurred by or on behalf of the **insured** in connection with the investigation, defence, settlement or appeal of a **claim**.

derivative demands costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by the **company** in connection with the investigation, review or evaluation of a **derivative demand**.

derivative demand means a written demand made by one or more security holders of the **company** during the **policy period** upon the **company's** Board of Directors to bring a civil proceeding against any of the **insured persons** for a **wrongful act**.

deportation or freezing order means an interim or interlocutory order first issued during the **policy period**:

- (a) confiscating, controlling, suspending or freezing rights of ownership of real property or personal assets of an **insured person**; or
- (b) imposing a charge over real property or personal assets of an **insured person**; or
- (c) imposing a restriction of an **insured person's** liberty; or
- (d) for the deportation of an **insured person** following revocation of an otherwise proper, current and valid immigration status for any reason other than the **insured person's** finally adjudicated conviction for a crime.

discovery period means the period of time following the end of the **policy period** during which notice may be given to the **insurer** of:

- (a) any **claim** arising out of any **wrongful act** or **company wrongful act** committed before the end of the **policy period**; or
- (b) any **insured event** arising out of any conduct undertaken before the end of the **policy period**.

disqualification order means an order first issued during the **policy period** disqualifying an **insured person** from holding office as a company director or officer.

employment practices wrongful act means any employment related actual or alleged tortious act or omission, breach of statutory provision or breach of common law relating to an employee.

environmental liability costs means **defence costs** incurred by any **insured person** in connection with an **environmental claim**.

environmental claim means a **claim** first made against an **insured person** during the **policy period**, and which arises out of a discharge, dispersal, release, escape, seepage, transportation, emission, treatment, removal or disposal of pollutants, contaminants, nuclear material, or waste of any kind, including any actual or alleged direction, or request to test for, abate, monitor, clean up, recycle, remove, recondition, reclaim, contain, treat, detoxify or neutralise pollutants, contaminants, nuclear material or waste of any kind.

expert costs means the reasonable fees, costs and expenses of an expert retained through defence counsel in order to prepare an evaluation, report, assessment, diagnosis or rebuttal of evidence.

extradition costs means the reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by an **insured person** in connection with an **extradition proceeding**.

extradition proceeding means any proceeding against an **insured person** first commenced during the **policy period** to remove that **insured person** to another territory against their will, and includes any appeal to such proceeding.

foreign jurisdiction means any jurisdiction other than the country in which the **parent company** is domiciled.

foreign jurisdiction liberalisation loss means, with regard to any **claim** or **insured event** brought and maintained in a **foreign jurisdiction** during the **policy period** against the **insured persons** of a **company** formed and operating in such **foreign jurisdiction**, any **loss** which would be payable under the insuring clause, definitions, exclusions and extensions of the **foreign policy** which are more favourable to such **insured person** than the terms and conditions of this Policy, with the exception of any Coverage Restrictions specific to the **insured** included in this policy.

foreign policy means the standard policy (including all endorsements that are mandatory according to the law of such jurisdiction) provided by the lead **insurer** in a **foreign jurisdiction** that affords coverage which is substantially similar to the cover afforded under this Policy.

freezing of assets and disqualification costs means reasonable legal or professional fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by an **insured person** to bring legal proceedings to obtain the discharge or revocation of a **disqualification order** or **deportation or freezing order**.

global Dutch securities settlement advice costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by the **company** to retain a law firm approved by the **insurer** to advise the **company** regarding use of the Dutch Act on Collective Settlements of 2005 to facilitate a global securities litigation settlement if a **claim** is brought and maintained against a **company** during the **policy period** by a class or as a collective action anywhere in the world.

health and safety claim means any **claim** first made against an **insured person** during the **policy period** alleging a breach of health and safety legislation or any legislation relating to involuntary manslaughter or corporate manslaughter.

health and safety claim costs means the **defence costs** of an **insured person** incurred in respect of a **health and safety claim**.

insolvency hearing costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by an **insured person** to retain legal advisors for the purposes of representation at any **insolvency hearing**.

insolvency hearing means any formal or official hearing first commenced during the **policy period** by a receiver, liquidator, administrator, judicial manager or other person holding equivalent office in connection with an investigation or inquiry into the affairs of a **company** or an **insured person**.

insured means the **insured persons** and the **company**.

insured event means: a **books and records demand**; a **data breach event**; a **deportation or freezing order**; **derivative demands**; a **disqualification order**; an **environmental claim**; an **extradition proceeding**; an **insolvency hearing**; an **internal investigation**; a **regulatory event**; and a **reputational damage event**.

insured person means any natural person who was, is, or during the **policy period** becomes:

- (a) a director or officer of the **company**;
- (b) a Data Protection Officer;
- (c) an **outside director**;
- (d) an employee of the **company**:
 - (i) whilst acting in a managerial or supervisory capacity;
 - (ii) whilst performing an advisory role on any remuneration or audit committee of the **company**;
 - (iii) when named as a co-defendant in a **claim** or **insured event** which also names a director or officer of the **company**;
 - (iv) with respect to a **claim** alleging a **employment practices wrongful act**; or
 - (v) admitted to practice law and employed to provide legal advice to the **company** and only when named as a co-defendant in a **claim** or **insured event** which also names a director or officer of the **company**.
- (e) a de facto or shadow director, while acting in a capacity as a director or officer of the **company** as defined in Section 2 of the Companies Ordinance (Cap 622) (Hong Kong);
- (f) a prospective director named as such in any listing particulars or prospectus issued by the **company**;
- (g) a duly named representative of a legal entity which is a corporate director of the **company**;

but only when and to the extent acting for and on behalf of the **company** in such capacity.

insured person includes the estate, heirs, legal representatives or assigns of an **insured person** in the event of their death, incapacity or bankruptcy or the lawful spouse of an **insured person** solely in their capacity as such.

insured person does not include any court appointed receiver, liquidator, administrator, judicial manager or other person holding equivalent office.

insurer means Beazley Syndicates 2623/623 at Lloyd's.

internal investigation means a request by or on behalf of the **company** during the **policy period** for an **insured person** to appear for an interview or meeting or to provide a sworn testimony or to produce documents in connection with an investigation by the **company** following a notification to a **regulatory authority** by a **company** or an **insured person** or whistleblower informing a **regulatory authority** of an actual or suspected material breach of an **insured person's** fiduciary or regulatory duties. An **internal investigation** does not include routine regulatory or internal supervision, inspection, review, examination or audit, or any request for mandatory information in respect of a regulated entity conducted in a **company's** or **regulatory authority's** normal review or compliance process.

internal investigation costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by an **insured person** for legal representation in connection with an **internal investigation**.

interpretative counsel costs means reasonable costs and expenses of counsel within the home jurisdiction of an **insured person** to interpret and apply legal advice received from counsel in a **foreign jurisdiction** in response to any **claim** relating to the **securities** of the **company** in such **foreign jurisdiction**.

limit of liability means the applicable amount set out in the Schedule.

loss means:

- (a) **policy costs;**
- (b) any amount that the **insured** is legally liable to pay as damages, judgments, settlements, pre and post judgment interest, punitive or exemplary damages, and the multiplied portion of any damage award where insurable by law; and
- (c) **US regulatory clawback costs.**

loss does not include:

- (i) fines and penalties, except:
 - (1) civil fines and penalties awarded against an **insured person**; or
 - (2) punitive or exemplary damages;
- (ii) employment-related compensation, wages or benefits, or costs or overheads of the **company**;
- (iii) taxes, except **personally liable corporate tax amounts**; or
- (iv) amounts which are uninsurable.

The **insurer** will not assert that:

- (a) allegations of violations of Section 11, 12 or 15 of the Securities Act 1933 (U.S.A.), Section 90 of Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (U.K.), Section 254 of the Securities and Futures Act (Cap 289) (Singapore) or Section 40 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap 32) (Hong Kong); or
- (b) **defence costs** incurred by any **insured person** in a **claim** under Section 304 Sarbanes-Oxley Act 2002 (U.S.A.), or Section 954 The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (U.S.A.);

constitute uninsurable **loss**.

If the applicable law of the jurisdiction in which fines or penalties or damages were awarded permits more favourable insurability of such fines, penalties or damages than the governing law of this policy, then the insurability of such fines, penalties or damages will be determined in accordance with that relevant jurisdiction and, to this extent, will not be considered to be uninsurable loss under this policy.

management control means:

- (a) controls the composition of the board of directors;
- (b) controls more than half of the shareholder voting power; or
- (c) holds more than half of the issued share capital.

mitigation costs means any reasonable payments incurred by the **insured** during the **policy period** in taking action to mitigate the financial consequences of a **wrongful act** which the **insured** establishes to the **insurer's** satisfaction would otherwise have reasonably been expected to give rise to a **claim** for which the resulting **loss** would have been covered by the policy. **Mitigation costs** do not include payments incurred after such **claim** is made.

mitigation costs does not include payments incurred without the **insured** first obtaining the **insurer's** consent.

outside director means any natural person who, at the specific request of the **company**, is serving as a director, officer, shadow director, trustee (other than a pension trustee), regent or governor of an **outside entity**.

outside entity means any entity other than:

- (a) a **company**; or.
- (b) an entity with securities issued or traded within the United States of America.

In the event that the **company** requests that a natural person serve as a director, officer, shadow director, trustee, regent or governor of such an entity in (b) above, then this definition will be extended for a period of 60 days from the commencement of such position to include the entity, during which time the **parent company** will give the **insurer** sufficient information to allow the **insurer** to assess the potential increase in insurance risk. Upon receipt of that information, the **insurer** may agree to extend this definition to include such entity, subject to the **insured** accepting any amendment to the terms and conditions of this policy or the charging of a reasonable additional premium that the **insurer** requires.

parent company means the entity named in the Schedule.

pending and prior litigation date means the date specified in the Schedule.

personally liable corporate tax amounts means those amounts of unpaid corporate taxes that an **insured person** is found to be personally liable to pay following the appointment of a receiver, liquidator, administrator, judicial manager or other person holding equivalent office to a **company**.

policy costs means **access to policy costs, books and records costs, circumstance investigative costs, data breach costs, defence costs, derivative demands costs, environmental liability costs, extradition costs, foreign jurisdiction liberalisation loss, freezing of assets and disqualification costs, global Dutch securities settlement advice costs, health and safety claim costs, insolvency hearing costs, internal investigation costs, mitigation costs, regulatory costs, and reputation costs.**

Policy costs will not include the remuneration of any **insured person**, the cost of their time or costs or overheads of the **company**.

policy period means the period specified in the Schedule.

regulatory authority means any regulator, government, government body, judicial or parliamentary body, governmental or administrative agency, any self-regulatory body recognised in that capacity under applicable law or official trade body.

regulatory costs means reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by an **insured** directly in connection with preparing for, cooperating with or attending interviews in respect of or responding to a **regulatory event** first commenced during the **policy period**.

regulatory event means in respect of an **insured person** only:

- (a) an informal request by a **regulatory authority** for an **insured person** to voluntarily attend an interview, meeting or provide information;
- (b) an interview or meeting during a raid or on-site visit by a **regulatory authority**; or
- (c) any formal or official hearing, examination or investigation by a **regulatory authority**, once the **insured person**:
 - (i) is requested or required to cooperate with or attend; or
 - (ii) is identified in writing by that **regulatory authority** as a target of;

the formal or official hearing, examination or investigation. Where the **regulatory authority** is the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) (U.S.A.), this extension will only apply where the **insured person** has been served with a subpoena or Wells Notice.

regulatory event means in respect of a **company** only:

- (a) a raid or on-site visit to the **company** by any **regulatory authority** that involves the production, review, copying or confiscation of files or interviews of any **insured persons**;
- (b) a public announcement relating to an event in sub-paragraph (a) above.

A **regulatory event** does not include routine regulatory supervision, inspection or compliance reviews, or any investigation which focuses on an industry rather than an **insured**.

reputation costs means the reasonable fees, costs and expenses necessarily incurred by the **insured person**:

- (a) in appointing a public relations firm or consultant, a crisis management firm, a law firm or tax advisor retained by the **insured person** directly to mitigate the adverse or potentially adverse effect on that **insured person's** reputation due to a **reputational damage event**;
- (b) in appointing a law firm to effect an **insured person's** right to be forgotten or right to erasure following a **reputational damage event**.

reputational damage event means:

- (a) a **claim** first made against an **insured person** during the **policy period**;
- (b) negative publicity posted on internet-based social media platforms or websites of which the **insured person** first becomes aware during the **policy period** and which could, in their reasonable opinion, give rise to a **claim**.

responsible person means the Risk Manager, Insurance Manager, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Compliance Officer, Head of Audit or General Counsel of the **parent company**.

retention means the applicable amount specified in the Schedule.

retired insured person means any **insured person** who has ceased to act in their insured capacity prior to expiry of the **policy period** for reasons other than:

- (a) disqualification from holding office or from managing a company;
- (b) a **change of control**; or
- (c) the insolvency of any **company**;

and does not subsequently resume their position.

securities means any equity or debt instrument.

single event means all **claims** and **insured events** arising out of, based upon or attributable to the same originating cause, source or event.

subsidiary means any entity in which the **parent company** either directly or indirectly through one or more entities obtains **management control** on or before the inception date of this policy.

subsidiary will include:

- (a) any new entity which the **company** incorporates during the **policy period** and which, at the time of incorporation, the **company** has **management control**;
- (b) any entity that the **company** acquires **management control** of during the **policy period** provided that at the time of obtaining that **management control**, the acquired entity is not incorporated, domiciled or has equity securities issued or traded, in the United States of America.

If a newly acquired entity is incorporated, domiciled or has equity securities issued or traded, in the United States of America, the **insurer** will provide cover under this policy for 60 days from the date of acquisition, during which time the **parent company** will give the **insurer** sufficient information to allow the **insurer** to assess the potential increase in insurance risk. The **insurer** may agree to extend the definition of **subsidiary** to include the newly acquired entity, subject to the **parent company** accepting any amendment to the terms and conditions of this policy or the charging of a reasonable additional premium that the **insurer** requires.

subsidiary does not include any fund, investment vehicle, managed investment scheme or trust.

uncovered company means any **company**:

- (a) which is located in a jurisdiction where the applicable law or regulation does not allow the **insurer** to provide cover to that **company**; or
- (b) which the **parent company** has elected that the policy will not cover directly but, instead, the policy will cover the **parent company's** own financial interest in such **company**.

US regulatory clawback costs means reasonable fees, costs, and expenses, including the premium or arrangement fee for a loan or bond, necessarily incurred by:

- (a) the chief executive officer or chief financial officer of the **company**, solely to facilitate the return of amounts required to be repaid by such persons pursuant to Section 304(a) Sarbanes-Oxley Act 2002 (U.S.A.); or
- (b) the **insured persons**, solely to facilitate the return of amounts required to be repaid by such persons pursuant Section 954 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (U.S.A.).

US regulatory clawback costs does not mean any amount requested or required to be repaid pursuant to Section 304(a) Sarbanes-Oxley Act 2002 (U.S.A.) or Section 954 Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (U.S.A.).

wrongful act means any act, error, omission, misstatement, misleading statement, neglect, **employment practices wrongful act** or breach of duty actually or allegedly committed, attempted or proposed to be committed by any **insured person**. In respect of Insuring Clause 3, **wrongful act** will only mean a **company wrongful act**.